

## CHEM1047 - Week 9 - Workshop problem set

1. Evaluate the following integrals:

$$\begin{array}{llll} \text{(a)} \int x^7 dx & \text{(b)} \int 2y^5 dy & \text{(c)} \int x^{1.3} dx & \text{(d)} \int \left( \frac{4}{g^5} - \frac{3}{g^2} \right) dg \\ \text{(e)} \int \sqrt{x^7} dx & \text{(f)} \int \cos(4t) dt & \text{(g)} \int (\varphi^4 - \sin 2\varphi) d\varphi & \\ \text{(h)} \int \left( \frac{5}{z} + e^{4z} \right) dz & \text{(i)} \int \xi(\xi + a)(\xi + b) d\xi & & \end{array}$$

2. Diffusion processes at electrodes mean that, once the electrode is polarised, the current decays with time according to Cottrell's equation:

$$I(t) = nFAc\sqrt{\frac{D}{\pi t}}$$

where  $n$  is the number of electrons transferred in the elementary reaction step,  $F$  is the charge of one mole of electrons,  $A$  is the electrode area,  $c$  is the concentration of the active substance, and  $D$  is the diffusion coefficient. The total charge is defined as the integral of the current. Determine the total charge  $Q(t)$  that has flown through the electrode as a function of time.

3. Evaluate the following integrals:

$$\begin{array}{lll} \text{(a)} \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^2(3x) dx & \text{(b)} \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin(2\varphi)\cos(2\varphi) d\varphi & \text{(c)} \int_0^{\pi} \sin(\alpha)\cos(2\alpha) d\alpha \end{array}$$

4. The wavefunction for an electron in a one-dimensional box of length  $L$  is:

$$\psi_k(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}} \sin\left(\frac{\pi kx}{L}\right)$$

where  $k$  is a positive integer giving the number of the energy level. Demonstrate that wavefunctions corresponding to different energy levels are orthogonal:

$$\int_0^L \psi_n^*(x)\psi_m(x) dx = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } n = m \\ 0 & \text{if } n \neq m \end{cases}$$

5. Evaluate the following integrals:

$$\begin{array}{lll} \text{(a)} \int \frac{dx}{x^2 - 9} & \text{(b)} \int \frac{dx}{x^2 + 4} & \text{(c)} \int \frac{x+1}{2x+1} dx \end{array}$$